

Practice WCSU Placement Test – Version B

1. Simplify $7(2x - 5)$.

- a) $9x - 12$ b) $14x - 5$ c) $14x - 35$ d) $14x + 35$

2. $7 - 3(2x - 5) =$

- a) $-6x + 22$ b) $6x - 20$ c) $-6x + 35$ d) $6x - 5$

3. Find the number with the highest value

- a) $\frac{1}{2}$ b) $\frac{3}{8}$ c) $\frac{2}{5}$ d) 0

4. Which is a factor of $3x^2 - 11x - 4$?

- a) $(3x + 2)$ b) $(3x - 2)$ c) $(3x + 4)$ d) $(3x + 1)$

5. A recipe calls for x cups of flour and makes 48 cookies. If the same proportions are maintained how many cups of flour are required to make 60 cookies.

- a) $\frac{5x}{4}$ cups b) $\frac{4x}{5}$ cups c) $\frac{4}{5}$ cups d) 12 cups

6. In the solution of the system of equations below, what is the value of x ?

$$\begin{cases} 7x - 2y = 3 \\ 3x + 5y = 13 \end{cases}$$

- a) $\frac{7}{3}$ b) 2 c) $\frac{9}{5}$ d) 1

7. $6\sqrt{20x^3y^5} =$

- a) $2xy^2\sqrt{5xy}$ b) $60xy\sqrt{x^2y}$ c) $12xy^2\sqrt{5xy}$ d) $12xy\sqrt{5xy^2}$

8. If a number is divided by 9 and the result has two subtracted from it to give an answer of three, what is the number?

- a) 40 b) 36 c) 27 d) 45

9. If a shirt, tie and slacks cost \$120 and the tie cost x dollars, how much would the shirt and slacks cost together?

- a) \$120 b) \$120 + x c) \$120 - x d) $x - \$120$

10. Factor the following trinomial: $7x^2 - 13x - 2$

- a) $(x + 1)(7x - 2)$ b) $(7x - 1)(x - 2)$ c) $(7x + 1)(x - 2)$ d) $(7x + 1)(x + 2)$

11. $8x - 9y - 9x + 21y - 7 =$

- a) $17x + 12y - 7$ b) $-x + 12y - 7$ c) $29xy - 7$ d) $17x + 30y - 7$

12. $|7 - 19| =$

- a) -12 b) 26 c) -6 d) 12

13. $\left(\frac{-3}{2}\right)^2 =$

- a) $\frac{6}{4}$ b) $\frac{9}{4}$ c) $\frac{-9}{4}$ d) $\frac{-6}{4}$

14. Which is greatest?

- a) $30 \div 5 + 2$ b) $30 - 5 \times 2$ c) $30 + 5 \div 2$ d) $30 \times 5 \div 2$

15. $15 - \frac{-3}{5} =$

- a) $15\frac{3}{5}$ b) $14\frac{2}{5}$ c) $\frac{12}{5}$ d) 6

16. $\left(\frac{5x}{6y^2}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{3y}{10}\right) =$

- a) $\frac{x}{4y}$ b) $\frac{8xy}{16y^2}$ c) $\frac{25x}{9y^3}$ d) $\frac{40x}{9y^2}$

17. Five times the opposite of a number is less than one more than nineteen

- a) $x < 4$ b) $x > -4$ c) $x > 4$ d) $x < -4$

18. $18mn - 9n =$

- a) $9n(2m - n)$ b) $9n(2m - 9n)$ c) $9n(2m - 1)$ d) $9n$

19. Factor completely: $25x^2 - 9y^4$

- a) $(25x^2) - (9y^4)$ b) $(5x - 3y)(5x + 3y)$ c) $(25x + y)(x - 9y)$ d) $(5x - 3y^2)(5x + 3y^2)$

20. $(5x - 2y^2)^2 =$

- a) $25x^2 - 20xy^2 + 4y^2$ b) $25x^2 - 4y^4$ c) $25x^2 + 4y^4$ d) $25x^2 - 20xy^2 + 4y^4$

21. $2x + a \quad bx + 4 =$

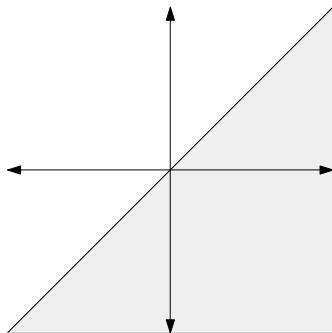
- a) $2bx^2 + (6 + ab)x + 4a$
b) $2bx^2 + (ab + 8)x + 4a$
c) $2bx^2 + (2 + a)x + 4a$
d) $2bx^2 + (6ab)x + 4a$

22. If x is less than -5 then $x - 3$ must be

- a) less than -2 b) less than -8 c) greater than 8 d) between -3 and -5

23. Solve the following quadratic equation: $x^2 + 6x + 9 = 0$

- a) $x = 3$ and $x = -3$ b) $x = 3$ c) $x = -3$ d) $x = \frac{9}{7}$



24. Which of the following inequalities defines the region above?

- a) $x \leq 0$ and $y \leq 0$ b) $x \geq y$ c) $x \leq y$ d) $x \geq 0$ and $y \geq 0$

25. $3x - 2 > 10$ is equivalent to

- a) $x > -4$ b) $x < -4$ c) $x > 4$ d) $x < 4$

26. The inequality $2x - 7 \geq x + 9$ is equivalent to

- a) $x \geq 16$ b) $-7 \leq x \leq 9$ c) $x \geq 16$ d) $x \leq -16$

27. If $x = 5$ then $(3x - 2)(x + 1) =$

- a) -2 b) 78 c) 75 d) 68

28. $\frac{m^7}{m^3} =$

- a) m^3 b) $\frac{1}{m^4}$ c) m^4 d) $\frac{1}{m^{10}}$

29. $\left(\frac{a^3b}{ab^5}\right)^2 =$

- a) $\frac{b^8}{a^4}$ b) $\frac{a}{b}$ c) $\frac{1}{a^4b^4}$ d) $\frac{a^4}{b^8}$

30. If $\frac{2t - 6}{t} = 5$, then $t =$

- a) 11 b) -2 c) $\frac{11}{2}$ d) $-\frac{1}{2}$

31. $\frac{5}{3x} + \frac{2}{x} =$

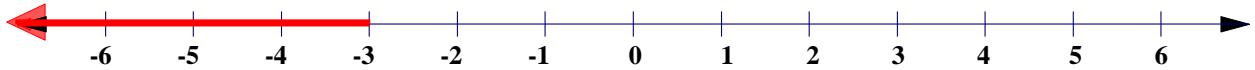
- a) $\frac{7}{4x}$ b) $\frac{10}{3x^2}$ c) $\frac{11}{3x}$ d) $\frac{7}{3x}$

32. $\frac{3}{y+2} + \frac{5}{y+1} =$

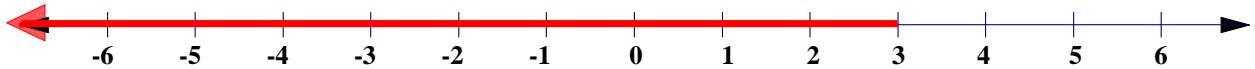
- a) $\frac{8y+13}{(y+2)(y+1)}$ b) $\frac{8y+3}{(y+2)(y+1)}$ c) $\frac{8}{2y+3}$ d) $\frac{3y+3}{5y+10}$

33. Which of the following is the graph of $3x - 4 \geq 5$?

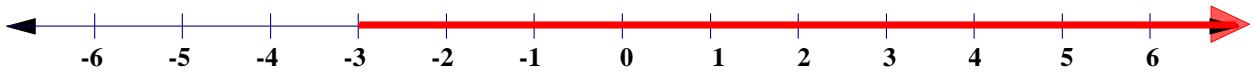
a)



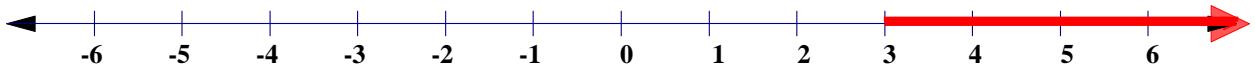
b)



c)



d)



34. $\frac{4B^5 + B^3}{2B^2} =$

a) $4B^5 + \frac{B}{2}$

b) $4B^3$

c) $\frac{5B^8}{2B^2}$

d) $\frac{4B^3 + B}{2}$

35. $\frac{\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y}}{2} =$

a) $\frac{y+x}{2}$

b) $\frac{xy}{x+y}$

c) $\frac{x+y}{xy}$

d) $x+y$